

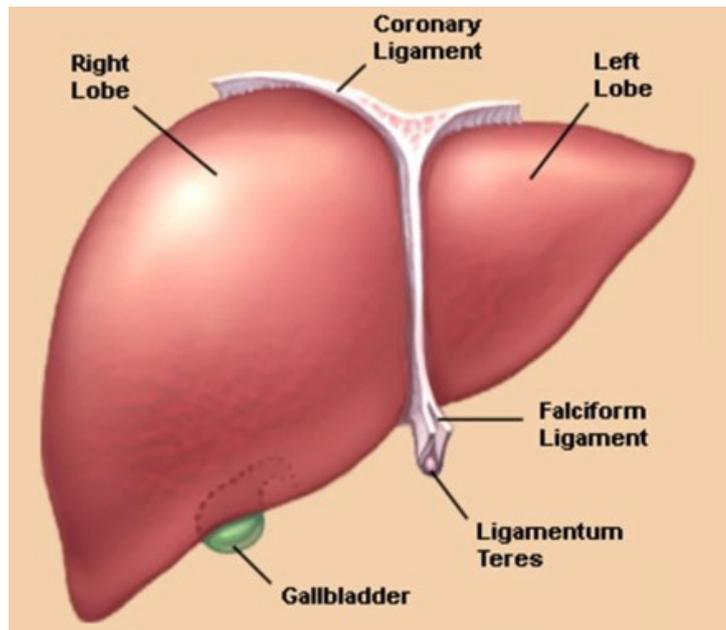
Liver

The liver is always on the right-hand side of your body.

It is the largest solid organ in your body.

The three main jobs are:

1. Cleaning your blood.
2. Storing energy in the form of a sugar called Glycogen.
3. Producing an important digestive liquid called bile.



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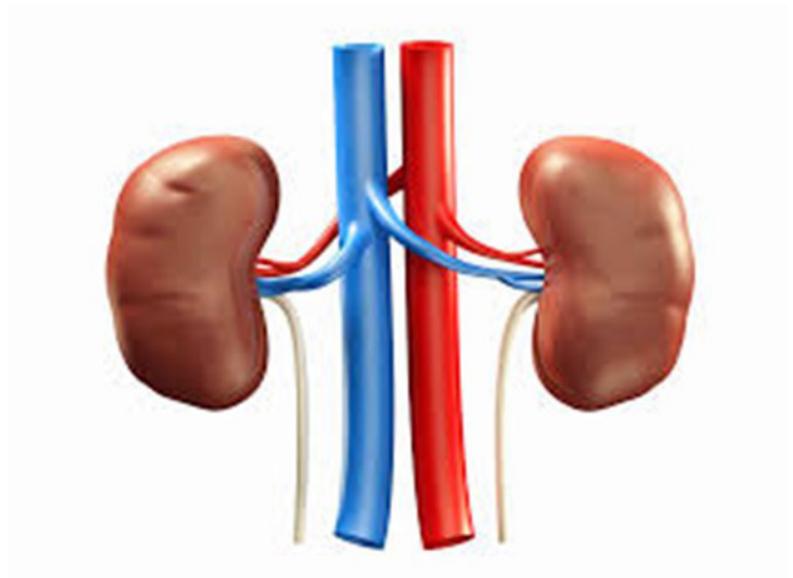
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Kidneys

Kidneys normally come in pairs.

Each kidney is about 13cm long and 8cm wide.

One of the main jobs of the kidneys is to filter waste out of your blood and make urine.



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Heart

Your heart is a very strong muscle and is important to keep you healthy.

It keeps all the blood in your circulatory system flowing.

Your heart pumps blood to your lungs where it picks up oxygen. This then travels back to the heart. The blood, carrying the oxygen, then moves to the different organs and tissues in your body.



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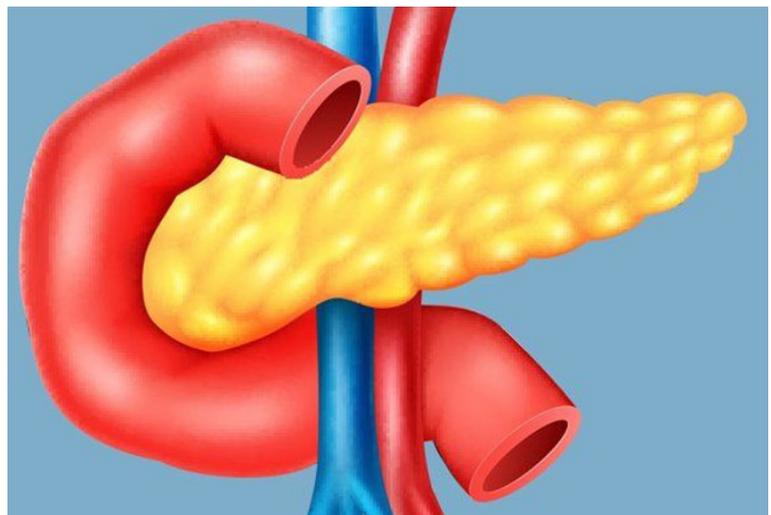
Pancreas

The pancreas is a part of your digestive system.

It produces juices called enzymes which help you to digest your food.

The pancreas is soft and yellowish and about 20cm long and 2.5cm wide.

It is behind your stomach on the left-hand side.



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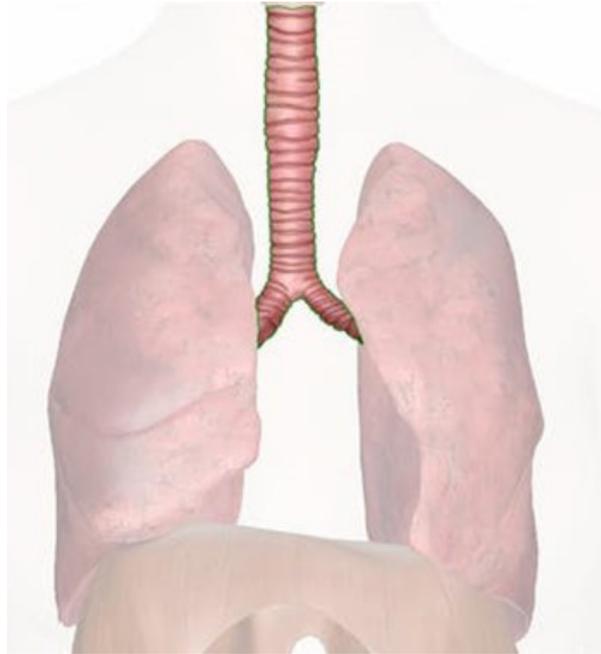
Windpipe

Another name for the windpipe is 'Trachea'.

Air passes from the mouth to your windpipe.

The windpipe then divides into two. These are called the Bronchi.

Each bronchi is connected to one of your lungs.



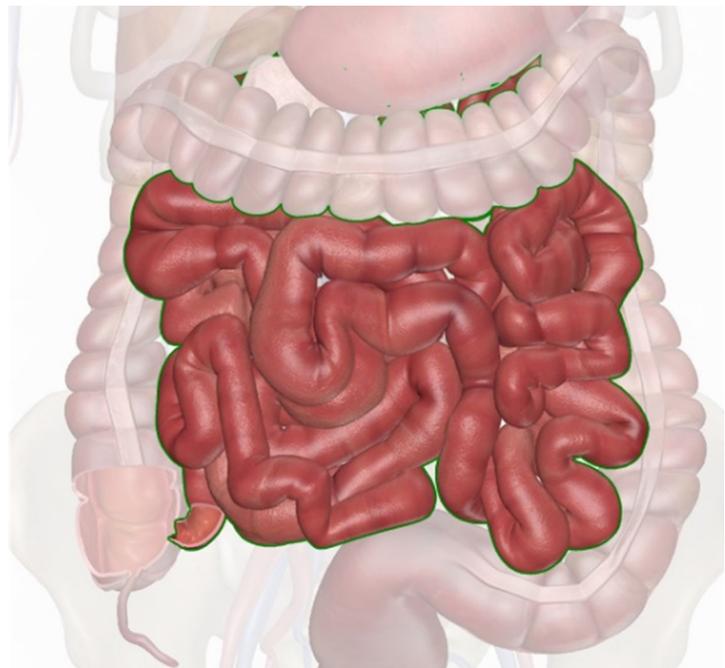
Intestines

There are two intestines:

The small intestine - Your food is absorbed here and then passes through the small intestine into the bloodstream.

And

The large intestine - Most of the food is absorbed by the time it reaches here and all that is left is the waste material that the body does not need or cannot digest.

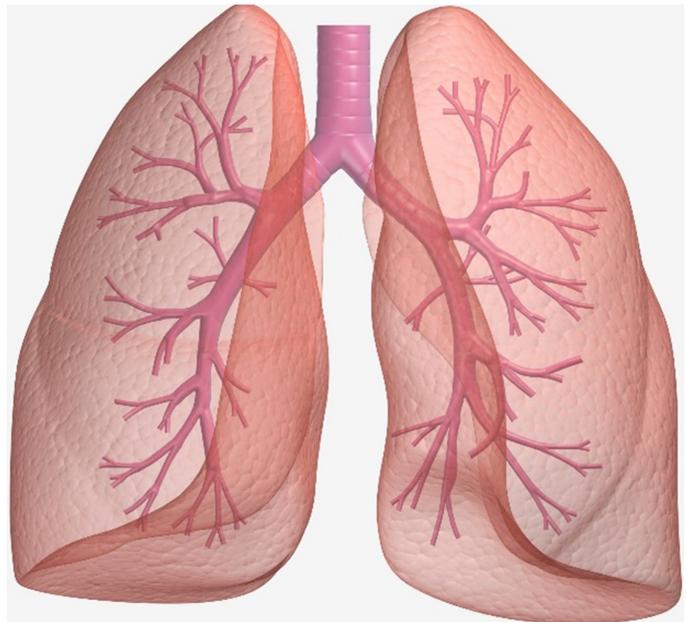


Lungs

Your lungs take in oxygen from the air that you breathe and are a pair of spongy, air filled organs that are on either side of your chest.

Your lungs can be damaged by toxic substances.

Your lungs have about 1,500 miles of airways on them!



Stomach

Your stomach is attached to the end of the Oesophagus.

It has three important jobs:

1. To break down the food into a liquid mixture.
2. To store the food you have eaten.
3. To slowly empty the liquid mixture into the small intestine.

